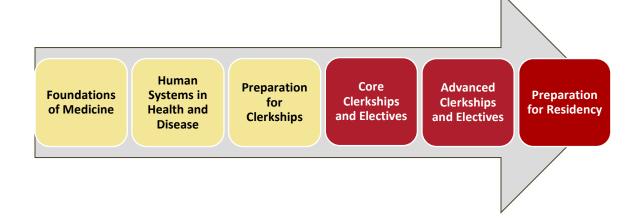
MEDICINE



BMS 6960 USMLE Step 1 Preparation



Florida State University College of Medicine

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Faculty and Staff

Main faculty discipline contacts

Biochemistry Cathy Levenson, PhD

Office: 2350-E

cathy.levenson@med.fsu.edu

Histology / Cell Biology James Olcese, PhD

Office:

james.olcese@med.fsu.edu

Pathology Jose Diaz, MD/Ph.D. Office: 2350-K iose.diaz@med.fsu.edu

Physiology Mike Overton, PhD Office: 3350-E

mike.overton@med.fsu.edu

Clinical Reasoning/Diagnosis Irene Alexandraki, MD

Office: 3140-J

jonathan.appelbaum@med.fsu.edu

Clinical Reasoning/Diagnosis Niharika Suchak, MD

Office: 4311

niharka.suchak@med.fsu.edu

Embryology Chris Leadem, PhD

Office:

christopher.leadem@med.fsu.edu

Microbiology David Meckes

Office:

david.meckes@med.fsu.edu

Pharmacology Gail Galasko, PhD Office: 3350-D

gail.galasko@med.fsu.edu

Psychology Heather Flynn Office: 4120

heather.flynn@med.fsu.edu

Clinical Reasoning/Diagnosis Lisa Granville. MD

Office: 4304

lisa.granville@med.fsu.edu

Gross Anatomy Eric Laywell, PhD Office: 2350-F

eric.laywell@med.fsu.edu

Neuroscience

Gregg Stanwood, PhD

Office:

gregg.stanwood@med.fsu.edu

Pharmacology Graham Patrick, PhD

Office: 2180-F

graham.patrick@med.fsu.edu

Statistics

Leslie Beitsch, MD/JD

Office: 3200-D

les.beitsch@med.fsu.edu

Clinical Reasoning/Diagnosis Christie Alexander, MD

Office: 2200-H

christie.alexander@med.fsu.edu

Clinical Skills

Christie Alexander, MD

Office: 2200-H

christie.alexander@med.fsu.edu

Director, Clinical Learning Center (CLC)

Debra Danforth, M.S., ARNP

Office: G129-M Phone: 645-7123

debra.danforth@med.fsu.edu

Course Support

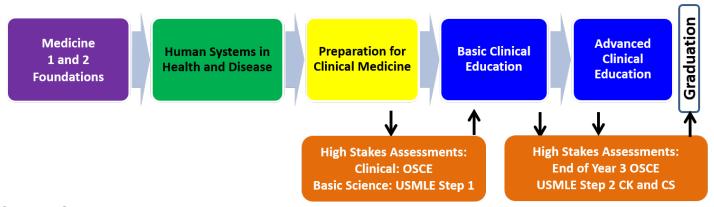
curriculum.support@med.fsu.edu

Cesar Arango

Office: Suite 2200-N Phone: 645-2905 Margie Norman
Office: Suite 2200-P
Phone: 645-4645

Sharika Brown Office: Suite 2200-R Phone: 644-2907

Four Year Medical Curriculum



Course Goals

USMLE Step 1 Preparation [Course number BMS 6960] allows time, faculty support, and resources for adequate preparation for the USMLE Step 1 exam through self-directed learning. The course uses formative evaluation with the NBME (National Board of Medical Examiners)

Comprehensive Basic Science Examination (CBSE), a nationally normed achievement test that covers material learned in the pre-clerkship phase of the curriculum. The exam resembles the USMLE Step 1 exam in both content and question format. Each student receives a performance profile from this exam that identifies areas of relative and absolute strength and weakness that can guide their study plan. USMLE Step 1 Preparation provides a maximum of 6 weeks of protected study time. Students who take the Step 1 exam earlier than the mid-April deadline spend the remainder of the 6 week block engaged in any required remediation of clinical skills identified in the high stakes summative OSCE or other course work. A passing score on the Step 1 exam (currently 192) and a passing score on the high stakes summative OSCE are required for a student to proceed into the clinical clerkship phase of the curriculum. Additional activities available to students include service learning activities focused on mission-based geriatric, rural, and other underserved populations, enrichment activities including interprofessional education and medical humanities, and vacation.

Learning Objectives

The global course objectives are:

- Demonstrate the skills and habits of self-directed, life-long learning: self-assessment of learning needs and the ability to address those
 needs with appropriate materials and assistance.
- 2. Demonstrate readiness to take the USMLE Step 1 exam, including through performance on the formative CBSE.
- Demonstrate readiness for clerkship rotations through defined competencies in patient care, medical knowledge, and communication skills.
- 4. Demonstrate a commitment to ethical and professional behaviors in all activities and interactions with peers, faculty, staff, and the community.

Course Format

The course is comprised of protected time and academic support for students to prepare for and complete two "high stakes" hurdles which must be successfully passed before continuing into the clinical clerkship phase of the curriculum. USMLE Step 1 is the first of four exams required for medical licensure in the United States. Step 1 is most commonly taken after completing the part of the medical curriculum which emphasizes basic

science. It is a day-long, comprehensive assessment of the student's knowledge base and mastery of the sciences basic to the practice of medicine. It is designed to assess understanding and ability to apply concepts and mechanisms that underlie human health and disease and which are the foundation of therapeutic strategies. Although the Step 1 exam has a "Pass/Fail" requirement to proceed in the curriculum, the student's absolute performance on the exam is one of the most important determinants of their ability to earn a residency spot ("Match") in their specialty and program of choice. Adequate preparation requires not only review of extensive material, but also practice with the format (clinical vignettes with "one best answer" vs "one right answer" questions) and pacing (1 min 22 sec / item) of this high-stakes exam. Early in the protected period faculty will provide targeted high-yield review of concepts and content identified by the aggregate performance on the diagnostic CBSE. Throughout the block, faculty experts will be available to students for individual assistance. Once the student has taken Step 1, any required remediation of the OSCE will be addressed by individual clinical faculty mentoring and reassessment. Nationally, medical schools schedule between 1 and 2 months of protected time for Step 1 preparation.

Professionalism

Medicine is a Profession, which means it entails unique responsibilities and obligations as well as unique privileges. "Professional identity formation" is an objective as important as learning the sounds and anatomy of the heart, but requires a different set of learning skills. Important among those are reflection, self- and peer assessment, deliberate practice, and learning for mastery (not grades).

Two essential Professional behaviors that will become a part of your everyday life are founded on respect for patients:

Confidentiality: Patients — including Standardized Patients — deserve to be treated with respect. Respect for patients includes keeping all patient information confidential. Patient information may be shared with other health care professionals that have a legitimate, professional "need to know," or with specific family members, friends, or others that have permission from the patient for access to the information.

Be especially conscientious about discussions of patients in public places. Even when patient names are not used, the discussion may reveal the patient's identity to others who overhear the discussion. Rather than risk a violation of patient confidentiality, discuss patients only in a private setting and only with individuals who have a legitimate need to know.

Be careful to keep all patient notes, reports and materials confidential. Patient records, should be returned to faculty, destroyed, or kept in a secure place.

Similarly, your classmates deserve to be treated with respect. Information learned about your classmates and their families while in class is considered confidential. You are not free to disclose this material to others without the specific consent of the person.

Violation of confidentiality may result in a Report of Concern for Unprofessional Behavior [see <u>Student Handbook</u>] and may be referred to the Student Evaluation and Promotion Committee (SEPC). Egregious unprofessional behavior of any variety may result in suspension of the student, a failing grade for the course, and/or referral to SEPC.

Professional Attire: Medical students, faculty and staff are all ambassadors and representatives of the College of Medicine and of the medical profession. Appearance and behavior should at all times demonstrate respect for the profession and for our patients. The needs of patients must always come first, and any barriers to meeting those needs (including attire, appearance and grooming) must be removed.

Professional attire should be worn in settings where students interact with people from outside the COM, and particularly when interacting with Standardized Patients (SPs) in the CLC, on a "house visit," or when in a preceptor's office or clinic, a hospital or nursing facility. Professional attire should also be worn when patients, guests, or visitors are present in large or small group sessions.

Specific standards for professional attire for <u>men</u> and for <u>women</u> are detailed at the end of this document.

Competencies

	Education Program Objectives	Course Objectives	Means of Assessment
1		is compassionate, appropriate, and effect	ive for the treatment
1.2	of health problems and the promotion of Gather essential and accurate information about patients and their condition through history-taking, physical examination, and the use of laboratory data, imaging and other tests	Demonstrate the ability to select, perform, interpret, and appraise elements of pertinent history and physical examination appropriate for a patient visit.	OSCE
1.4	Interpret laboratory data, imaging studies, and other tests required for the area of practice	Demonstrate the ability to select, perform, interpret diagnostic testing appropriate for a patient visit.	OSCE; CBSE; USMLE Step 1
2		rate knowledge of established and evolving vioral sciences, as well as the application of	
2.1	Demonstrate an investigatory and analytic approach to clinical situations	Demonstrate the ability to generate a differential diagnosis, justified by basic and clinical science concepts.	OSCE
2.2	Apply established and emerging biophysical scientific principles fundamental to health care for patients and populations	Describe the development, structure and function of the healthy human body and each of its major organ systems at the macroscopic, microscopic, and molecular levels. Recognize and discuss the implications of altered	
		structure and function of the body and its major organ systems. Identify changes in the structure and function of the human body associated with the aging process and	CBSE; USMLE Step 1
		distinguish normal changes associated with aging from those that denote disease. Demonstrate the ability to generate a differential	
2.3	Apply established and emerging principles of clinical sciences to diagnostic and therapeutic decision-making, clinical problem-solving, and other aspects of evidence-based health care	diagnosis, justified by basic and clinical science concepts. Apply basic bio-behavioral and clinical science principles to analyze and solve problems related to	OSCE; USMLE Step 1
		the diagnosis, treatment and prevention of disease. Apply basic science principles to explain the choice and effective use of pharmocotherapeutic agents and other therapeutic modalities.	
2.4	Apply principles of epidemiological sciences to the identification of health problems, risk factors, treatment strategies, resources, and disease prevention/health promotion efforts for patients and populations	Demonstrate the ability to generate a differential diagnosis, justified by basic and clinical science concepts	CBSE; USMLE Step 1
2.5	Apply principles of social-behavioral sciences to provision of patient care, including assessment of the impact of	Apply basic bio-behavioral and clinical science principles to analyze and solve problems related to the diagnosis, treatment and prevention of disease.	CBSE; USMLE Step 1
	psychosocial-cultural influences on health, disease, care-seeking, care-compliance, barriers to and attitudes toward care	Describe normal human psychosocial development across the life-span and predict the consequences significant deviations.	·
3		OVEMENT: Demonstrate the ability to inve e and assimilate scientific evidence, and to self-evaluation and life-long learning	

	Identify strangths, deficiencies, and limits		
3.1	Identify strengths, deficiencies, and limits		
2.0	in one's knowledge and expertise	Demonstrate the behite of life languages the	
3.2	Set learning and improvement goals	Demonstrate the habits of life-long learning – the	
	Identify and perform learning activities that	identification of personal knowledge gaps and	CBSE; USMLE Step 1
3.3	address one's gaps in knowledge, skills or	application of strategies to find and	0201, 001 0top 1
	attitudes	interpret information to address those gaps.	
0.7	Use information technology to optimize		
3.7	learning		
		Demonstrate interpersonal and communic	ation skills that
4		ation and collaboration with patients, their	
_	professionals		
	Communicate effectively with patients,	Use accurate and appropriate vocabulary and	
	families, and the public, as appropriate,	concepts to communicate effectively with peers,	
4.1			OSCE
	across a broad range of socioeconomic	faculty and patients about health and disease.	
	and cultural backgrounds		
	Demonstrate sensitivity, honesty, and		
	compassion in difficult conversations about	Communicate diagnostic information and reasoning,	
4.6	issues such as death, end-of-life issues,	intervention options, and a suggested plan of care	OSCE
	adverse events, bad news, disclosure of	with truthfulness, sensitivity and empathy	
	errors, and other sensitive topics		
_		mitment to carrying out professional respo	nsibilities and an
5	adherence to ethical principles		
	·	Demonstrate respect, empathy, compassion,	
5.1	Demonstrate compassion, integrity, and	responsiveness and concern regardless of the	OSCE
5.1	respect for others		USCE
		patient's problems, personal characteristics.	
5.3	Demonstrate respect for patient privacy	Maintain confidentiality for patient information.	OSCE
0.0	and autonomy	, ,	0302
	Demonstrate associate bility to nationts	Demonstrate professional behavior in all activities	
5.4	Demonstrate accountability to patients,	and interactions with peers, faculty and the	OSCE
	society and the profession	community.	
	Demonstrate sensitivity and	·	
	responsiveness to a diverse patient	Demonstrate respect, empathy, compassion,	
5.5	population, including but not limited to	responsiveness and concern regardless of the	OSCE
3.3	diversity in gender, age, culture, race,	patient's problems, personal characteristics.	OSCL
		patient's problems, personal characteristics.	
	religion, disabilities, and sexual orientation	ODMENT Description (1)	
8		OPMENT: Demonstrate the qualities requi	red to sustain
	lifelong personal and professional growth		
	Develop the ability to use self-awareness	Develop the ability to use self-awareness	
8.1	of knowledge, skills and emotional	of knowledge, skills and emotional	
0.1	limitations to engage in appropriate help-	limitations to engage in appropriate help-	
	seeking behaviors	seeking behaviors	
0.0	Demonstrate healthy coping mechanisms	Demonstrate healthy coping mechanisms	Familia and the
8.2	to respond to stress	to respond to stress	Faculty and staff
	Manage conflict between personal and	Manage conflict between personal and	observation
8.3	professional responsibilities	professional responsibilities	
	Practice flexibility and maturity in adjusting	Practice flexibility and maturity in adjusting	
0.4		, , , ,	
8.4	to change with the capacity to alter	to change with the capacity to alter	
	behavior	behavior	
	Recognize that ambiguity is part of clinical		
8.8	health care and respond by utilizing		
0.0	appropriate resources in dealing with		
	uncertainty		
		siveness to community needs – especially	elder, rural.
9	minority and underserved populations		onder, runding
	Describe the social determinants of health,	Describe the social determinants of health,	
9.1	and identify how they create opportunities	and identify how they create opportunities	CBSE; USMLE Step 1
	for and barriers to wellness for	for and barriers to wellness for	' '
	underserved populations.	underserved populations.	

Recommended Materials (all textbooks required in preclerkship courses are available as ebooks through COM library course page)

Basic and Clinical Pharmacology (Katzung)

Basic Immunology (Abbas)

Bates Guide to Physical Examination and History Taking

Behavioral Science in Medicine (Fadem)

Cecil Essentials of Medicine (Benjamin)

Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-5)

Felson's Principles of Chest Roentgenology (Goodman)

Histology: a text and atlas with correlated cell and molecular biology

(Ross)

How the Immune System Works (Sompayrac)

Medical Biochemistry - An Illustrated Review (Panini)

Langman's Medical Embryology (Sadler)

Physiology (Costanzo)

Rapid Interpretation of EKGs (Dubin)

Resolving Ethical Dilemmas (Lo)

Robbins and Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease (Kumar)

Sherris Medical Microbiology (Ryan)

Rapid Review Pathology (Goljan)

Pathoma Pathology review (individual subscription)

USMLE World Question bank (3 month subscription provided)

1. Other materials required for the OSCE

- a. Clinical examination equipment: stethoscope with diaphragm, bell and pediatric option, oto/ophthalmoscope, #128 and #512 tuning forks, penlight, reflex hammer, Rosenbaum eye chart and a sphygmomanometer with pediatric, adult, and large adult sized cuffs.
- b. Also:
 - A watch capable of measuring seconds
 - A pen for writing (blue or black ink)
 - The student's personal mobile device loaded with the appropriate medical software/applications.

Grading System

Description of Student Assessment Methods and Grading

Written exams

The NBME **Comprehensive Basic Science Examination** (CBSE) will be used to guide student self-directed study and document preparedness to take the USMLE Step 1 licensing exam. In AY 2015-2016, a scaled score of 67 was predictive of a minimal passing score (192) on the Step 1 exam.

The **USMLE Step 1** exam is administered by appointment by the NBME at an approved testing location. Second year students in good standing must apply for a 3-month eligibility period through the <u>NBME Licensing Examination Services</u> website no later than the end of the 2nd week of February. After approval of the application (which can take up to 4 weeks), the student will receive a scheduling permit which allows him/her to schedule the exam at the testing center within that eligibility period. The 2016 Step 1 fee was \$600. **Students must take the Step 1 examination no later than the end of the second week of April** in order to assure availability of their score in time to proceed to the first clinical rotation (begins at the end of May). Students with unusual circumstances that prevent them from taking USMLE Step 1 by the end of the second week in April must, as soon as possible, petition in writing to the Associate Dean for Student Affairs and the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education and Academic Affairs to be allowed to delay the exam and the start of their clerkships. Failure to adhere to these deadlines will jeopardize the student's good standing and may delay the start of their Year 3 clerkships (see Student Handbook).

Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE)

There will be a summative OSCE for demonstration of required skills. Each station will require the student to demonstrate one or more clinical skills/behaviors that will be assessed by a trained observer using established performance criteria for that assessment. Students must score ≥80% on the OSCE in order to be eligible to move forward to the clinical clerkships.

Grading

The FSU COM has adopted a pass/fail grading system which is used in the curriculum for the first and second years (See Student Handbook). To achieve a grade of Pass in **BMS 6960 (USMLE Step 1 Preparation**) a student must meet all of the following requirements:

- 1. Demonstrate appropriate commitment to self-directed learning, including formative use of the results of the CBSE to identify knowledge gaps and individual meetings with faculty and academic counselors for additional guidance and feedback as appropriate.
- A passing score on the USMLE Step 1 licensing exam. The current Step 1 passing score set by the NBME is ≥ 194. Students who do
 not achieve a passing score on the Step 1 exam will receive an "I" (Incomplete) grade for the course and will be referred to the Student
 Evaluation and Promotion Committee and to Academic Counseling to develop an appropriate remediation plan to prepare to retake the
 exam
- 3. A score ≥ 80% on the summative OSCE. Students who do not achieve a score of 80% or higher on the OSCE will receive an "I" (Incomplete) grade for the course and must remediate these clinical skills. This remediation must be coordinated with the clinical skills director, the CLC director, and the student's regional campus dean. Assessment of successful remediation will be the outcome of the Year 3 FOSCE. Students scoring below 80% who are unable to successfully remediate will be referred to the Student Evaluation and Promotion Committee.
- 4. Demonstrate of the attitudes and behaviors of Medical Professionalism in all activities and interactions with peers, faculty, and the community. Professionalism concerns may generate a Report of Concern for Unprofessional Behavior (see <u>Student Handbook</u>) and referral of the student to the Student Evaluation and Promotions Committee. and may result in receiving a grade of fail in the course.

Course Evaluation

Students will have the opportunity to provide constructive feedback throughout the block. Feedback is encouraged at all times on all components of the course and will assist in providing a timely continuous quality improvement.

Policies

Americans with Disabilities Act

Candidates for the M.D. degree must be able to fully and promptly perform the essential functions in each of the following categories: Observation, Communication, Motor, Intellectual, and Behavioral/Social. However, it is recognized that degrees of ability vary widely between individuals. Individuals are encouraged to discuss their disabilities with the College of Medicine's <u>Director of Student Counseling Services</u> and the FSU Student Disability Resource Center to determine whether they might be eligible to receive accommodations needed in order to train and function effectively as a physician. The Florida State University College of Medicine is committed to enabling its students by any reasonable means or accommodations to complete the course of study leading to the medical degree.

The Office of Student Counseling Services

Medical Science Research Building, 2301

Phone: (850) 645-8256Fax: (850) 645-9452

Students with disabilities needing academic accommodation should:

- (1) register with and provide documentation to the Student Disability Resource Center; and
- (2) bring a letter to the instructor indicating the need for accommodation and what type.

This syllabus and other class materials are available in alternative format upon request. For more information about services available to FSU students with disabilities, contact the:

Student Disability Resource Center

874 Traditions Way 108 Student Services Building Florida State University Tallahassee, FL 32306-4167

Voice: (850) 644-9566 TDD: (850) 644-8504

sdrc@admin.fsu.edu

Academic Honor Code

The Florida State University Academic Honor Policy outlines the University's expectations for the integrity of students' academic work, the procedures for resolving alleged violations of those expectations, and the rights and responsibilities of students and faculty members throughout the process. Students are responsible for reading the Academic Honor Policy and for living up to their pledge to "...be honest and truthful and...[to] strive for personal and institutional integrity at Florida State University." (Florida State University Academic Honor Policy, found at http://fda.fsu.edu/Academics/Academic-Honor-Policy)

Attendance Policy

The College of Medicine has detailed attendance policies as they relate to each cohort and events that conflict with course schedules. See pages 28-29 of FSUCOM Student Handbook for details of attendance policy, notice of absences and remediation.

Unexcused absence from a scheduled examination or quiz may result in a score of zero (0 %) being assigned for that assessment. Unexcused absence from an activity for which attendance is required (for example, Small Group session) may be considered as an issue of Professionalism. Any unexcused absence may require completion of the Performance Improvement Plan (see Grading section, above).

Clinical Learning Center (CLC) Specific Absence Policy

Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE)

If a student knows he/she will not be able to participate in the OSCE, he/she should complete and submit the appropriate forms to Student Affairs, and, if within 24 hours of the time he/she is scheduled for the OSCE, contact Ms. Danforth. If the absence is excused by Student Affairs, the student will receive an "I" (incomplete) grade and be required to complete a make-up OSCE at a designated time after the course has ended.

Any excused absence—whether planned or unplanned—will not impact the student's grade.

Any absence that does not qualify as an excused absence per Student Affairs is an unexcused absence. These generally are due to circumstances within the student's control. Examples of unexcused absences include the student who forgets about an OSCE session, the student who skips an OSCE to study for an exam and/or any absence where an able student fails to follow the procedures above if they are not able to participate in the OSCE. An unexcused absence will result in failure of both the OSCE and the course.

Professional Attire

<u>Professional attire consists of clothes consistent with community norms for physicians.</u> Examples of these norms in Tallahassee are: no jeans, seductive, revealing or tight-fitting clothes, sheer or see-through fabrics, strapless, low-necked or midriff-baring clothes, shorts, sweats, hats, or open-toed shoes.

<u>For men,</u> professional attire consists of slacks, a collared shirt and dress or casual shoes (no sport shoes or sandals). Ties may be either required or forbidden in some clinical situations.

<u>For women</u>, professional attire consists of slacks or a conservative length dress or skirt with a blouse or sweater. Skirt edge should rise no higher than 2" above the top of the knee during all clinical care and training maneuvers and should not be tight-fitting. Heels more than 3" in height are <u>never</u> appropriate in clinical settings.

For both men and women, a white lab coat is required.

<u>Professional appearance:</u> Long hair must be pulled back and secured. Facial hair must be neatly groomed. If possible, all tattoos should be covered by clothing. No visible body piercing except a single piercing in each ear. No large earrings or loose jewelry. Fingernails must be trimmed. If nail polish is worn, it should not be a distracting color. No strong perfume or other scented products. In compliance with OSHA regulations, closed-toed shoes are required in all clinical settings—including the CLC.

The established "norms" of certain clinical settings may modify these standards for professional attire, but any variations in professional attire must be approved by the student's supervisor. Consult your supervisor to clarify expectations for student attire in any ambiguous or new situations.