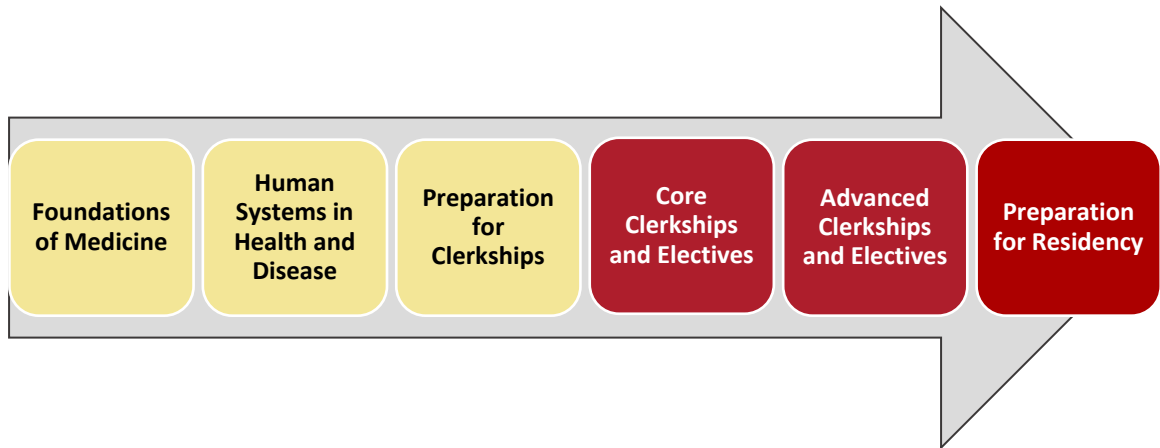


MEDICINE



BMS 6801 Pre-clerkship Preparation Boot Camp



Florida State University
College of Medicine

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Overview

Course Goals

The **Pre-clerkship Preparation Boot Camp** is the final capstone to the pre-clerkship curriculum. Having taken USMLE Step 1 and while awaiting their scores, students prepare to begin their core clinical rotations by acquiring and practicing essential clinical procedures and skills. These clinical skills not only help prepare the student to participate meaningfully in patient care but, importantly, are a step toward mastering competencies foundational to the [Core Entrustable Professional Activities for Entering Residency](#). The 13 Core EPAs are nationally-defined (Association of American Medical Colleges), competency-based descriptions of patient-care activities every medical school graduate should be expected to be able to perform without direct supervision on the first day of residency. Emphasis is placed on the importance of honesty and self-awareness of limitations in maintaining patient safety. Skills to be developed fall into several categories:

1. **Medical knowledge and Clinical skills / procedures:** interpretation of tests such as EKG, CPR, venipuncture, starting an IV line, bag/mask ventilation, lumbar puncture, Foley catheters, accurate use of medical devices / instruments names
2. **Interprofessional interactions:** working in interprofessional Teams, understanding roles and responsibilities of Team members, understanding OR staff roles
3. **Communications:** documentation formats including SOAP notes and oral presentation
4. **Patient Safety:** sterile technique, significance of structure patient hand-off

Learning Objectives

Detailed learning objectives are provided for each activity.

The global course objectives are:

1. Attain certification in Advanced Cardiac Life Support (ACLS).
2. Demonstrate readiness for clerkship rotations through competence in basic skills for patient encounters, including hand washing, sterile technique and other infection control measures, and common clinical procedures.
3. Demonstrate the ability to communicate clinical information accurately and concisely, verbally and in writing.
4. Demonstrate the basic health care team skills necessary for patient safety and quality care, including interprofessional interactions.

Course Format

Attendance and professional dress appropriate to the clinical care environment are required for all sessions.

Pre-Clerkship Boot Camp (PCBC) is a competency-based experience designed to prepare students to participate *actively* in the management of patients with common clinical presentations encountered in the practice of general medicine. Students will have the opportunity to improve their basic clinical skills, learn new procedures and examination techniques, and assess the effectiveness of their clinical communications. **The emphasis is on what the student can do, not just what they know.** Activities include simulation scenarios, video analysis, interpretation of imaging and laboratory test results, hands-on practice with models, equipment, and simulators, delivering oral presentations, and SOAP note documentation. Students are *encouraged* to practice lifelong learning skills and to *read* about the cases and procedures they encounter during the course by using the EBM resources posted on Canvas and provided through the FSU COM library.

To pass this course students are required to be prepared, prompt, and actively participate in each required session. In addition, they must complete the procedures and assignments listed below, as well as obtain certification in Advanced Cardiovascular Life Support (ACLS).

Procedures:

Faculty will observe and verify that each student has met novice level competency standards in the performance of activities related to Core Entrustable Professional Activities (EPA) for Entering Residency 12- Perform General Procedures of a Physician:

- Basic cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR)
- Bag-mask ventilation (BMV)
- Sterile technique
- Venipuncture
- Insertion of an intravenous line

- Placement of a Foley catheter
- Lumbar Puncture

Assignments:

Assignments are posted and submitted to Canvas. **Students are required to access and, if indicated, respond to feedback on submitted assignments.** At the end of the course, your assignments will be transferred to your Confidential Files at your regional campus. You may find it useful in the future to reference your Boot Camp work on:

- SOAP note
- Oral presentation

Professionalism

Medicine is a Profession, which means it entails unique responsibilities and obligations as well as unique privileges. “Professional identity formation” is an objective as important as learning the sounds and anatomy of the heart, but requires a different set of learning skills. Important among those are reflection, self- and peer assessment, deliberate practice, and learning for mastery (not grades).

Below are some professional behaviors that will become a part of your everyday life. They are founded on respect for patients, those who accompany them, other professional disciplines, and to our duty as outlined in the [Physician Charter on Professionalism](#).

Confidentiality: Patients — including Standardized Patients — deserve to be treated with respect. Respect for patients includes keeping all patient information confidential. Patient information may be shared with other health care professionals that have a legitimate, professional “need to know,” or with specific family members, friends, or others that have permission from the patient for access to the information.

Be especially conscientious about discussions of patients in public places. Even when patient names are not used, the discussion may reveal the patient’s identity to others who overhear the discussion. Rather than risk a violation of patient confidentiality, discuss patients only in a private setting and only with individuals who have a legitimate need to know.

Be careful to keep all patient notes, reports and materials confidential. Patient records, should be returned to faculty, destroyed, or kept in a secure place.

Similarly, your classmates deserve to be treated with respect. Information learned about your classmates and their families while in class is considered confidential. You are not free to disclose this material to others without the specific consent of the person.

Violation of confidentiality may result in a Report of Concern for Unprofessional Behavior [see [Student Handbook](#)] and may be referred to the Student Evaluation and Promotion Committee (SEPC). Egregious unprofessional behavior of any variety may result in suspension of the student, a failing grade for the course, and/or referral to SEPC.

Accountability: This implies a timely, conscientious, earnest approach to care for our patients. Students are expected to display a sensitivity to those they care for and in how they do so. This is a learnable skill and mindset which is no less important than technical knowledge or the development of other clinical skills. Students are expected to self-reflect on their progress in professional identity formation. If they or others identify shortcomings, the student must take ownership of these issues and work with faculty and other providers towards improvement and mastery. It is important for the student to demonstrate respect for their profession and towards those who play a role in their learning including patients, staff, and others. The student’s behaviors can and often do impact trust, compliance, and eventually outcomes.

Students will dress professionally for the clinical care environment every day. When practicing skills stations, with simulated bodily fluids, students are encouraged to wear clean scrubs for the duration of the learning activity. Students are required to carry the Protocol for Blood Borne Pathogen Exposure (e.g. needlestick) card with them at all times.

Professional Attire: Medical students, faculty and staff are all ambassadors and representatives of the College of Medicine and of the medical profession. Appearance and behavior should at all times demonstrate respect for the profession and for our patients. The needs of patients must always come first, and any barriers to meeting those needs (including attire, appearance and grooming) must be removed.

Professional attire should be worn in settings where students interact with people from outside the COM, and particularly when interacting with Standardized Patients (SPs) in the CLC, on a “house visit,” or when in a preceptor’s office or clinic, a hospital or nursing facility. Professional attire should also be worn when patients, guests, or visitors are present in large or small group sessions.

Specific standards for professional attire are detailed at the end of this document and can always be found on the course Canvas site.

Course Objectives mapped to Education Program Objectives (EPO)

	Course Objectives	EPOs	Means of Assessment
PCBC 1	Define professional identity and protected health information.	5.3, 5.4, 5.5	Faculty observation
PCBC 2	Describe your responsibility as a medical trainee to patients as well as others.	5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6	Faculty observation
PCBC 3	Identify resources available and when to use them in the face of breeches in professional conduct.	5.6, 8.5, 8.8	Faculty observation
PCBC 4	Document clinical encounter.	1.2, 1.3, 1.5, 1.6, 1.7, 2.3, 4.5	Faculty observation; SOAP note
PCBC 5	Identify and organize appropriate information to be communicated in different situations including oral presentations.	2.1, 2.3, 4.1	Faculty observation; oral presentation
PCBC 6	Demonstrate the ability to perform all required procedures.	1.1, 5.6	Faculty observation in skills sessions
PCBC 7	Interpret and report the results of x-rays, images, and other basic clinical tests (e.g., EKG).	1.4	ACLS
PCBC 8	Explain the underlying principles of evaluative tests.	2.3	ACLS
PCBC 9	Demonstrate professional attitudes and behaviors in all interactions with faculty, staff, peers and patients and in all activities, including: maintaining confidentiality for patients who participate in the course; demonstration of respect, empathy, compassion, responsiveness and concern regardless of the patient's problems or personal characteristics; integrity and adherence to ethical standards including informed consent; and completion of all required activities in a timely fashion.	1.7, 5.1, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6	Faculty observation; peer evaluation

Required Materials (All required texts are available as ebooks through the [COM library](#))

Other materials required for clinical sessions

- a. Clinical examination equipment: Each student must purchase and/or have available the following clinical examination equipment: stethoscope with diaphragm, bell and pediatric option, oto/ophthalmoscope, #128 and #512 tuning forks, penlight, reflex hammer, Rosenbaum eye chart and a sphygmomanometer with pediatric, adult, and large adult sized cuffs. Opportunities to purchase this equipment at a discount will be provided prior to orientation. Bring your examination equipment with you to each CLC session.
- b. Also bring the following to each session in the CLC:
 - A watch capable of measuring seconds
 - A pen for writing (blue or black ink)
 - The student's personal mobile device loaded with the appropriate medical software/applications.

Grading System

Assessment Methods

Formative and summative assessment exercises will be required throughout the block.

Written exams

ACLS certification includes a written examination which must be passed with a score $\geq 84\%$.

Grading

The FSU COM has adopted a pass/fail grading system which is used in the curriculum for the first and second years (See [Student Handbook](#)). To achieve a grade of Pass in BMS 6801 (**Preclerkship Preparation Boot Camp**) a student must meet all of the following requirements:

1. Attendance and satisfactory participation in all required activities. Unexcused absence from an activity for which attendance is required may require remediation as determined by the course directors. Multiple unexcused absences from required activities will be considered a Professionalism concern and may result in a **Report of Concern for Unprofessional Behavior** (see [Student Handbook](#)) and referral of the student to the Student Evaluation and Promotions Committee.
2. Satisfactory completion of all assignments, as determined by the course directors.
3. Successful completion of ACLS training and certification.
4. Demonstration of the attitudes and behaviors of Medical Professionalism in all aspects of the course. Professionalism concerns may generate a **Report of Concern for Unprofessional Behavior** (see [Student Handbook](#)) and may result in receiving a grade of fail for the course.

Course Evaluation

Students will have the opportunity to provide constructive feedback through evaluation forms completed throughout and after the. Evaluations will address both content and facilitation/teaching. Feedback is encouraged at all times on all components of the course and will assist the course directors in providing timely, continuous quality improvement.

Policies

Americans with Disabilities Act

Florida State University (FSU) values diversity and inclusion; we are committed to a climate of mutual respect and full participation. Our goal is to create learning environments that are usable, equitable, inclusive, and welcoming. FSU is committed to providing reasonable accommodations for all persons with disabilities in a manner that is consistent with academic standards of the course while empowering the student to meet integral requirements of the course. Candidates for the M.D. degree must be able to fully and promptly perform the essential functions in each of the following categories: Observation, Communication, Motor, Intellectual, and Behavioral/Social. However, it is recognized that degrees of ability vary widely between individuals. Individuals are encouraged to discuss their disabilities with the College of Medicine's [Director of Student Counseling Services](#) and the FSU Office of Accessibility Services to determine whether they might be eligible to receive accommodations needed in order to train and function effectively as a physician.

[The Office of Student Counseling Services](#)

Medical Science Research Building, 2301

Phone: (850) 645-8256 Fax: (850) 645-9452

To receive academic accommodations, a student:

- 1) must register with and provide documentation to the Office of Accessibility Services (OAS);
- 2) must provide a letter from OAS to the instructor indicating the need for accommodation and what type; and
- 3) should communicate with the instructor, as needed, to discuss recommended accommodations. A request for a meeting may be initiated by the student or the instructor.

Please note that instructors are not allowed to provide classroom accommodations to a student until appropriate verification from the Office of Accessibility Services has been provided.

This syllabus and other class materials are available in alternative format upon request. For more information about services available to FSU students with disabilities, contact the:

[Office of Accessibility Services](#)

874 Traditions Way

108 Student Services Building

Florida State University

Tallahassee, FL 32306-4167

Voice: (850) 644-9566 TDD: (850) 644-8504

oas@fsu.edu

Academic Honor Code

The Florida State University Academic Honor Policy outlines the University's expectations for the integrity of students' academic work, the procedures for resolving alleged violations of those expectations, and the rights and responsibilities of students and faculty members throughout the process. Students are responsible for reading the Academic Honor Policy and for living up to their pledge to "...be honest and truthful and...[to] strive for personal and institutional integrity at Florida State University." (Florida State University Academic Honor Policy, found at <http://fda.fsu.edu/Academics/Academic-Honor-Policy>)

Attendance Policy

University Attendance Policy:

Excused absences include documented illness, deaths in the family and other documented crises, call to active military duty or jury duty, religious holy days, and official University activities. These absences will be accommodated in a way that does not arbitrarily penalize students who have a valid excuse. Consideration will also be given to students whose dependent children experience serious illness.

The College of Medicine has detailed attendance policies as they relate to each cohort and events that conflict with course schedules. See pages 28-29 of [FSUCOM Student Handbook](#) for details of attendance policy, notice of absences and remediation.

Unexcused absence from a scheduled examination or quiz may result in a score of zero (0 %) being assigned for that assessment. Unexcused absence from an activity for which attendance is required (for example, Small Group session) may be considered as an issue of Professionalism. Any unexcused absence may require completion of the Performance Improvement Plan (see Grading section, above).

Clinical Learning Center (CLC) Specific Absence Policy

CLC scheduled activities

Students with a legitimate reason to miss a scheduled session in the CLC must request an approved absence through Student Affairs through the [online link](#). Students with approved absences will be allowed to reschedule or participate in a make-up session. **Unapproved absences may not be rescheduled or made up.** Repeated unapproved absences may result in a failing grade for the course and a **Report of Concern for Unprofessional Behavior**.

If you know you will be absent from a scheduled CLC session, please complete the absence approval request at least two weeks in advance. For absences that are approved at least two weeks in advance, a change in CLC schedule assignment will be arranged.

One method for addressing a planned and approved absence is to identify a classmate willing to exchange scheduled sessions with you. In this situation, both students (the student with the approved absence and the willing classmate) should send a request via email to [Dr. Danforth](#) at least two weeks in advance. Students will be notified re: approval of these requests. Please note: Sending a request is NOT equivalent to receiving approval.

Unplanned but excusable absences from CLC sessions are absences due to circumstances *beyond the student's control*. Examples include student illness and/or family death. When such a situation occurs, please contact [Dr. Danforth](#) **as soon as possible**, to inform her that you will not be present. Then, submit an absence request to Student Affairs through the [online link](#). Student Affairs will classify the absence as excused or unexcused.

If the absence qualifies as an "excused" absence, the student must contact [Dr. Danforth](#) to develop a plan to make up the missed session. These sessions may require the presence of an SP and a TA or CLC faculty member. Any excused absence will not impact the student's grade.

Unexcused absences generally involve circumstances *within the student's control*. Examples of unexcused absences include the student who forgets about a scheduled CLC session, the student who skips the session to study, and/or any absence where an able student fails to contact Student Affairs and [Dr. Danforth](#) to inform them that the student will not be present for the session.

If the absence is unexcused, the clinical block director will discuss the situation with the student. Any further unexcused absences will result in the notification of Student Affairs, a **Report of Concern for Unprofessional**, and referral of the student to the Student Evaluation and Promotions Committee. Students with unexcused absence(s) will still be responsible for the missed material in future OSCE's and written examinations.

Professional Attire

Professional attire consists of clothes consistent with community norms for physicians. Length and fit of all attire is to be in accordance with that acceptable for physicians in a professional healthcare environment; oversized, undersized, tight-fitting, seductive, and/or revealing clothing is not acceptable.

Unacceptable attire includes, but is not limited to, the following: jeans of any style or color, denim material or "denim look" material, sheer or see-through fabrics, strapless, low-necked or exposed chest clothing, midriff-baring clothes, backless clothing, spaghetti straps, cut-offs, tank tops, halter tops, crop tops, tube tops, sun dresses, crop pants, shorts, pedal pushers, hip hugger pants, stirrup pants, any item constructed mainly of spandex, sweat suits (sweat pants/sweat shirts), warm-up suits, overalls, hats, and any clothing that advertises.

Examples of professional attire in Tallahassee are: slacks or skirt and a collared shirt or blouse or sweater; conservative length dress (dress or skirt edge should rise no higher than 2" above the top of the knee-cap (patella) during all clinical care and training maneuvers including sit down patient-clinician conversations; dress or skirt should not be tight fitting).

Ties may be either required or forbidden in some clinical situations.

Footwear may include dress or casual closed toe shoes (no sports shoes, no sandals, no open-toe footwear). Heels more than 3" in height are never appropriate in clinical settings.

Consult your supervisor to clarify expectations for student attire in any ambiguous or new situations.

Professional appearance: Long hair must be pulled back and secured. Facial hair must be neatly groomed. If possible, all tattoos should be covered by clothing. No visible body piercing except a single piercing in each ear. No large earrings or loose jewelry. Fingernails must

be trimmed. If nail polish is worn, it should not be a distracting color. No strong perfume or other scented products. In compliance with OSHA regulations, closed-toed shoes are required in all clinical settings—including the CLC as well as the anatomy lab.

The established "norms" of certain clinical settings may modify these standards for professional attire, but any variations in professional attire must be approved by the student's supervisor. Consult your supervisor to clarify expectations for student attire in any ambiguous or new situations.

For curricular activities where guests or patients are not present: Unacceptable attire includes, but is not limited to, the following: sheer or see-through fabrics, strapless, low-necked or exposed chest clothing, midriff-baring clothes, backless clothing, spaghetti straps, cut-offs, tank tops, halter tops, crop tops, tube tops, or extremely short shorts.

FSU COM Education Program Objectives

1	PATIENT CARE: Provide patient care that is compassionate, appropriate, and effective for the treatment of health problems and the promotion of health
1.1	Perform all medical, diagnostic, and surgical procedures considered essential for the area of practice
1.2	Gather essential and accurate information about patients and their condition through history-taking, physical examination, and the use of laboratory data, imaging and other tests
1.3	Organize and prioritize responsibilities to provide care that is safe, effective, and efficient
1.4	Interpret laboratory data, imaging studies, and other tests required for the area of practice
1.5	Make informed decisions about diagnostic and therapeutic interventions based on patient information and preferences, up-to-date scientific evidence, and clinical judgment
1.6	Develop and carry out patient management plans
1.7	Counsel and educate patients and their families to empower them to participate in their care, showing consideration for their perspective throughout treatment
1.8	Provide appropriate referral of patients including ensuring continuity of care throughout transitions between providers or settings, and following up on patient progress and outcomes
1.9	Provide health care services to patients, families, and communities aimed at preventing health problems or maintaining health
1.10	Provide appropriate role modeling
2	KNOWLEDGE FOR PRACTICE: Demonstrate knowledge of established and evolving biomedical, clinical, epidemiological and social-behavioral sciences, as well as the application of this knowledge to patient care
2.1	Demonstrate an investigatory and analytic approach to clinical situations
2.2	Apply established and emerging bio-physical scientific principles fundamental to health care for patients and populations
2.3	Apply established and emerging principles of clinical sciences to diagnostic and therapeutic decision-making, clinical problem-solving, and other aspects of evidence-based health care
2.4	Apply principles of epidemiological sciences to the identification of health problems, risk factors, treatment strategies, resources, and disease prevention/health promotion efforts for patients and populations
2.5	Apply principles of social-behavioral sciences to provision of patient care, including assessment of the impact of psychosocial-cultural influences on health, disease, care-seeking, care-compliance, barriers to and attitudes toward care
2.6	Contribute to the creation, dissemination, application, and translation of new health care knowledge and practices
3	PRACTICE-BASED LEARNING AND IMPROVEMENT: Demonstrate the ability to investigate and evaluate their care of patients, to appraise and assimilate scientific evidence, and to continuously improve patient care based on constant self-evaluation and life-long learning
3.1	Identify strengths, deficiencies, and limits in one's knowledge and expertise
3.2	Set learning and improvement goals
3.3	Identify and perform learning activities that address one's gaps in knowledge, skills or attitudes
3.4	Systematically analyze practice using quality improvement methods, and implement changes with the goal of practice improvement
3.5	Incorporate feedback into daily practice
3.6	Locate, appraise, and assimilate evidence from scientific studies related to patients' health problems
3.7	Use information technology to optimize learning
3.8	Participate in the education of patients, families, students, trainees, peers and other health professionals
3.9	Use information technology to obtain and utilize information about individual patients, populations of patients being served or communities from which patients are drawn to improve care
3.10	Continually identify, analyze, and implement new knowledge, guidelines, standards, technologies, products, or services that have been demonstrated to improve outcomes
4	Interpersonal and Communication Skills: Demonstrate interpersonal and communication skills that result in the effective exchange of information and collaboration with patients, their families, and health professionals
4.1	Communicate effectively with patients, families, and the public, as appropriate, across a broad range of socioeconomic and cultural backgrounds
4.2	Communicate effectively with colleagues within one's profession or specialty, other health professionals, and health related agencies
4.3	Work effectively with others as a member or leader of a health care team or other professional group
4.4	Act in a consultative role to other health professionals
4.5	Maintain comprehensive, timely, and legible medical records
4.6	Demonstrate sensitivity, honesty, and compassion in difficult conversations about issues such as death, end-

	of-life issues, adverse events, bad news, disclosure of errors, and other sensitive topics
4.7	Demonstrate insight and understanding about emotions and human responses to emotions that allow one to develop and manage interpersonal interactions
5	PROFESSIONALISM: Demonstrate a commitment to carrying out professional responsibilities and an adherence to ethical principles
5.1	Demonstrate compassion, integrity, and respect for others
5.2	Demonstrate responsiveness to patient needs that supersedes self-interest
5.3	Demonstrate respect for patient privacy and autonomy
5.4	Demonstrate accountability to patients, society and the profession
5.5	Demonstrate sensitivity and responsiveness to a diverse patient population, including but not limited to diversity in gender, age, culture, race, religion, disabilities, and sexual orientation
5.6	Demonstrate a commitment to ethical principles pertaining to provision or withholding of care, confidentiality, informed consent, and business practices, including compliance with relevant laws, policies, and regulations
6	SYSTEMS-BASED PRACTICE: Demonstrate an awareness of and responsiveness to the larger context and system of health care, as well as the ability to call effectively on other resources in the system to provide optimal health care
6.1	Work effectively in various health care delivery settings and systems relevant to their clinical specialty
6.2	Coordinate patient care within the health care system relevant to their clinical specialty
6.3	Incorporate considerations of cost awareness and risk-benefit analysis in patient and/or population-based care
6.4	Advocate for quality patient care and optimal patient care systems
6.5	Participate in identifying system errors and implementing potential systems solutions
6.6	Work in interprofessional teams to enhance patient safety and improve patient care quality
7	INTERPROFESSIONAL COLLABORATION: Demonstrate the ability to engage in an interprofessional team in a manner that optimizes safe, effective patient- and population-centered care
7.1	Work in cooperation with other professionals to establish and maintain a climate of respect, dignity, diversity, ethical integrity, and trust in order to enhance team functioning and serve the needs of patients, families, and populations
7.2	Utilize and enhance one's own expertise by understanding and engaging the unique and diverse knowledge, skills, and abilities of other professionals to enhance team performance and maximize the quality of patient care
7.3	Exchange relevant information effectively with patients, families, communities, and other health professionals in a respectful, responsive, and responsible manner, considering varied perspectives and ensuring common understanding of, agreement with, and adherence to care decisions for optimal outcomes
7.4	Participate in and engage other members of interprofessional patient care teams in the establishment, development, leadership, and continuous enhancement of the team in order to provide care that is safe, timely, efficient, effective, and equitable
8	PERSONAL AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT: Demonstrate the qualities required to sustain lifelong personal and professional growth
8.1	Develop the ability to use self-awareness of knowledge, skills and emotional limitations to engage in appropriate help-seeking behaviors
8.2	Demonstrate healthy coping mechanisms to respond to stress
8.3	Manage conflict between personal and professional responsibilities
8.4	Practice flexibility and maturity in adjusting to change with the capacity to alter behavior
8.5	Demonstrate trustworthiness that makes colleagues feel secure when one is responsible for the care of patients
8.6	Provide leadership skills that enhance team functioning, the learning environment, and/or the health care delivery system
8.7	Demonstrate self-confidence that puts patients, families, and members of the health care team at ease
8.8	Recognize that ambiguity is part of clinical health care and respond by utilizing appropriate resources in dealing with uncertainty
9	FSU COM MISSION: Demonstrate responsiveness to community needs – especially elder, rural, minority and underserved populations
9.1	Describe the social determinants of health, and identify how they create opportunities for and barriers to wellness for underserved populations.
9.2	Identify community resources and the ways physicians can partner with them to improve individual and population health and address social determinants of health.
9.3	Discuss the process and components of community health assessment.
9.4	Illustrate how community health assessment is used to identify the health needs and issues of a given population and inform decision making to improve population health status.