## Taking the time to get it right on end-o

By Barbara Peters Smith, Herald-Tribune Monday, November 21, 2011

BOSTON – "There are a lot of people in Florida who are very mad at me," said M Florida State University Center for Innovative Collaboration in Medicine and La state's initiative to adopt a policy for the POLST – short for Physician Order for 1



Some 14 states now have some form of the P( advance directives to provide very specific gu treatment a patient wants to receive near the resuscitation to ventilator care. Kapp said he understand why Florida is taking so long to jo

The idea behind Polst is that some health care providers are unwilling or unable spelled out in their advance directives for care, sometimes because the language at hand, or the paperwork gets lost in the shuffle of emergency treatment. The P and the patient, represents their agreement after a conversation about possible I to carry more weight in a hospital setting.

Some patient advocates object to the POLST because it underscores the power the Kapp said. "That's right," he added, "but I think we need to adapt to that reality."

He describes Florida as "in the developmental stage," and said he has just begun Health on how the practice can be implemented. He hopes it will a question of n wait to get the technicalities right. "A lot of people think that once there's consensus on the concept, you can have it lot of issues that need to be dealt with once the concept is accepted."

Among these issues:

- Patients' rights to make decisions about their care, or have a proxy do it for the statutes. But should there be legislation or regulation that makes the POLST eas

– Should physicians be legally required to offer the POLST to patients? Who can physician?

– Should a POLST from another state be recognized in Florida? What if a patien are in conflict?

- What should be the penalty for a health care provider who does not respect the

Kapp was speaking at a symposium on end-of-life care at the annual meeting of America. Kathy Black, a professor of social work at the University of South Florithe same session on the national movement to encourage people to have written providers. Black pointed out that most people fail to consider the possibility that care when the time comes.

"We know the majority of people will have years of functional cognitive decline k intensive care unit, 95 percent of people lose capacity to make decisions for then

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## 2 COMMENTS

THOMAS G. BOWERY, PH.D. MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 2011 AT 10:59 AM

I strongly urge that the State of Florida adopt POLST. Several years ago, my wife, a diabetic, had a heart condition. We both had "Advanced Directives". However, when she had a fatal heart attack, in a Florida hospital, late at night, the "Directive" was ignored. The emergency physician on duty, either deliberty ignored it, or couldn't find it in the files. This was in spite of the fact the "Directive" had been officially placed in her files at the hospital several years earlier. She suffered through medical procedures that were not supposed to occur.

KAY TARRANT, RN MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 2011 AT 9:57 PM

I also strongly urge the State of Florida to adopt the POLST. I moved from Florida to Oregon, where the POLST is in use. I work in a healthcare facility where it is one of my responsibilities to discuss Advance Directives with my patients. Using the POLST makes it easier to talk with my patients and/or their families, asking specific questions using scenarios makes it easy for them to understand and gives them the ability to make their decisions in a more relaxed manner